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Cover image: Red imported fire ants transporting a paralyzed bee using a caterpillar down the stem of a cotton plant to their colony. In this issue Styrian and Eubanks demonstrate that ant predation of herbivorous insects increases when honeydew-producing insects such as aphids and scales are present on plants, and as a result, plant fitness improves. Increased production of honeydew attracts ants, which in turn encourages fire ants to transport other insects (such as bees and caterpillars) to their colonies.